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FOR RELEASE MAY 28, A.M.



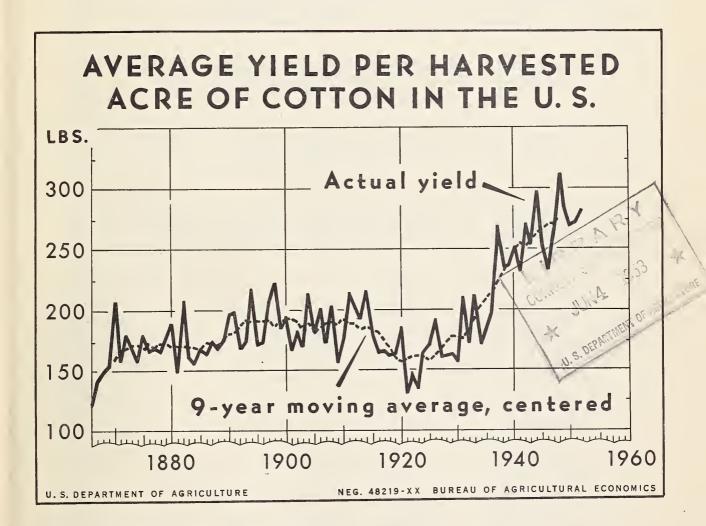
SITUATION

BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

CS-146

BHE.

APRIL - MAY 1953



The yield of cotton per harvested acre in the United States has tended to increase steadily since the middle 1920's. Since 1925, there has been only 4 years for which the trend was not upward. The most recent was 1947; but in 1948 the trend resumed its upward movement.

The yield in 1952 of 282.7 pounds per acre was about 4 pounds below that indicated by a projection of the trend. This difference is well within the probable range of estimate. From 1870 to 1948 actual yields were within 20 pounds of the trend about 70 percent of the time.

			1952			1953	
Item	Unit	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr. 1/
Prices, received by farmers for Am. Upland (mid-month) Parity price for Am. Upland	Cents Cents Percent	36.88 34.47 108	36.00 34.47 104 75.04	36.80 34.35 109	30.19 33.85 38.89	34.10	31.45
Average price for 17 constructions, gray goods 2/ Average price cotton used in 17 constructions 2/ Mill margins for 17 constructions 2/	Cents Cents Cents	69.03 41.96 27.07	67.10	66.53 42.23 24.30	33.92	32.52	35.01 8.60 10.00 10.00
ELS wholesale price index All commodities. Cotton broad woven goods.	1947-49 = 100	112.5	112.3	111.8	109.6 94.8	110.0	109.4 91.9
Overall (adjusted)	1935-39 = 100 do.	222 160 263.5 931	221 152 261.9 908	216 144 262.5 911	240 173 280.9 973	242 173 282.5	
Mill consumption of all kinds of cotton 3/	1,000 beles 1,000 beles 5/ Thousand Thousand Thousand	769.6 39.1 127.3 23,118 19,854 1,984 129.2	735.3 36.8 122.3 23,107 19,885 1,948 1,948	1,/848.1 1,/33.9 1,14.5 23,163 19,613 2,253 128.1	765.8 38.9 140.2 23,075 20,277 1,453 130.0	772.2 38.6 139.5 22,958 20,221 1,383 130.0	14/905.1 14/36.7 11/36.7
Exports of cotton. Exports of cotton since August 1. Imports of cotton since August 1. Mill stocks, end of month. Stocks, public storage, etc. end of month.	1,000 bales 1,000 bales Bales Bales 1,000 bales 1,000 bales	587.8 4,137.3 35,470 64,467 1,682.9 4,444.6	419.1 4,556.4 1,652 66,119 1,639.9 3,812.8	334.2 4,890.6 1,449 67,568 1,574.3	259.2 1,997.6 27,055 124,458 1,861.6 6,940.4	246.5 2,244.1 12,495 136,953 1,940.8 6,402.1	1,865.1
Linters prices $I/$ Grade 2. Grade 4. Grade 6.	Cents Cents Cents	12.92 8.84 7.08	12.24 8.55 7.00	11.90 8.46 6.95	12.31 7.20 3.89	12.26 7.00 4.67	12.23 7.03 4.70
Rayon prices Viscoss yara, 150 denisr	Cents Cents Cents	8747	8740	873 07	37 73	78 37 73	78 37 73
1/ Preliminary. 2/ Revised April 1953. 3/ 4-week pe	3/ 4-week period except as noted.	1	5-week period. 5/	80-hour week	5/ 80-hour week = 100 percent.	. 6/ Cotton,	, silk and

synthetic fibers. [] Average prices at Memphis, Dallas and Atlanta.

Compiled from official sources.

THE COTTON SITUATION

Approved by the Outlook and Situation Board May 22, 1953

SUMMARY

Heavy mill buying and relatively large stocks under Commodity Credit Corporation loans have been largely responsible for the increase in cotton prices since mid-January. On May 22, the average 10-spot market price for Middling, 15/16 inch cotton was 33.52 cents per pound, compared to 32.98 and 31.71 cents on March 31 and January 12, respectively.

Consumption of cotton by domestic mills declined about the usual seasonal amount from March to April. The April average of 36.7 thousand bales per working day was well above the 33.9 thousand of the same month last year. Trade reports indicate that domestic mills received large orders for gray goods for delivery in the third and fourth quarters of 1953. For the entire season, domestic mill consumption probably will be about 9.5 million bales.

About 2 million bales of 1952 cotton--13 percent of the crop--were covered by outstanding CCC loans on May 15. This compared with 374 thousand bales of the 1951 crop covered by such loans on May 15, 1952. Cotton held by the CCC from all crops amounts to about 2.3 million bales. This is 44 percent of the estimated August 1, 1953 carryover of about 5.2 million bales. However, loans on some of the 1952 cotton probably will be repaid by the end of the crop year.

Exports of cotton decreased from February to March and continued smaller than a year earlier. The total for the current marketing year will be much below 1951-52. From August 1, 1952 through March 1953, exports amounted to 2.2 million bales compared with 4.6 million for the same period a year earlier. Exports for 1952-53 are expected to total around 3-1/4 million bales. Of this, 1.3 million bales is being financed by loans and grants from the Export-Import Bank and the Mutual Security Administration. In April, the Export-Import Bank announced loans to Spain and Japan which totaled 52 million dollars for purchasing cotton. Part of this will be used to finance exports in the current marketing year.

Prices for foreign growths are about the same or a little lower than American Upland cotton in importing countries.

The 1952-53 supply of linters in the U. S. is estimated at 2-1/2 million bales, a record. The carryover at the end of the season, July 31, probably will be about 1.1 million bales, also a record.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

Cotton Prices Rise

The average 10-spot market price of Middling 15/16 inch cotton increased from mid-January to mid-May and was 33.52 cents per pound on May 22. This price compares with 32.98 cents on March 31 and 31.71 cents on January 12. However, the May 22 price was 5.16 cents below a year earlier. The rise in spot market prices was probably caused by the relatively large amount of cotton held under Commodity Credit Corporation loans and by large mill purchases of cotton.

The average price received by farmers for upland cotton in mid-April was about the same as that received in mid-March, but was 5.35 cents a pound lower than a year earlier. The price received by farmers in mid-April was 92 percent of the parity price, the same percentage as a month earlier.

Domestic Mill Consumption Continues at High Level

The average rate of mill consumption during April of 36.7 thousand bales per day was down seasonally from the March rate. The April rate was 8 percent higher than that of a year earlier. For the 8 months, August through April, 7,190,776 bales were consumed in the 1952-53 season as compared to 7,060,725 bales in 1951-52.

Trade reports indicate that in recent weeks domestic mills have received large orders for gray goods, for delivery during the third and fourth quarters of 1953. These orders indicate that domestic mill consumption will probably be maintained at a relatively high rate for the remainder of the 1952-53 crop year. Total domestic mill consumption of cotton during the current season is estimated at about 9.5 million bales.

Commodity Credit Corporation Stocks About 2.3 Million Bales

Stocks of the Commodity Oredit Corporation on May 15 emounted to about 2.3 million bales or approximately 44 percent of the estimated August 1, 1953 carryover of about 5.2 million bales. About 2 million bales of the CCC stocks are 1952 crop cotton. This is about 13 percent of the crop. Loans on some of this cotton will probably be repaid by August 1, 1953 and no more loans will be made on the 1952 crop.

Exports Estimated at About 3 # Million Bales

Exports of cotton from August 1, 1952 through March 1953 amounted to 2,244,000 running bales. The average monthly rate for the period was 281,000 bales. However, exports are not expected to continue at this rate and the total for the season may be only about 3 1/4 million bales.

Grants and loans to foreign countries which will be utilized for the purchase of U.S. cotten during the current crop year are estimated at about 240 million dollars. About 175 million is in the form of Mutual Security Administration grants and approximately 65 million is in the form of Export-Import Bank loans. These funds will finance about 1.3 million bales of cotton.

Cotton Production Stable

Ginnings from the 1952 crop were about the same as from the 1951 crop, 15,136,000 and 15,144,000 bales of 500 pounds gross weight, respectively. As shown in the following table, production from each of the last 5 crops has been larger than 14.8 million bales except for 1950 when marketing quotas and acreage allotments were in effect.

Table 1.- Ginnings, acreage and yield per acre: U. S. crops of 1948-52

	\$ c	Acreag	e	_:	Yield	
Crop	:Production:	In cultivation:	Harvested	30	per harvested	
	: (1/)	July 1 :		<u>.</u> .	acre	
	: 1,000	1,000	1,000			
	: bales	acres	acres		Pounds	
2010	:					
1948 1949	: 14,877 : 16,128	23,253	22,911 27,439		311.3 281.8	,
1950	: 10,012	27,914 18,629	17,843		269.0	
1951	: 15,144	28.085	26.854		270.2	
1952	: 15,136	26,922	25,664		282.7	

^{1/} Bales of 500 pounds gross weight.

The yield per acre in 1952 continued the upward trend which has been prevailing for many years, (See cover chart). A projection of the trend would have indicated a yield of about 287 pounds per harvested acre in 1952, approximately 4 pounds above the actual yield.

Although yield per acre for the U.S. and all geographic areas has shown an upward trend, the increase in the West has been the sharpest. (See table 4.). Furthermore, acreage in cotton has risen sharply in the West but has tended to decline in the Southeast.

Since yields are higher in the Western States than in other areas, the shift in acreage has contributed to the increase in the national yield.

Table 2.- Production of cotton by regions, United States, 1930 to date

Crop			Ginnings		The second second second second	Perc	entage o	of U.S.	crop
year begin- ning Aug. 1	West <u>1</u> /	South- east 2/	Delta States 3/	South- west 4/	U,S, total 5/	West:	South- east 2/	Delta States 3/	South- west
	: 1,000 : bales : 500 lb. : gross : weight	l,000 bales 500 lb. gross weight	l,000 bales 500 lb. gross weight	1,000 bales 500 lb. gross weight	1,000 bales 500 lb. gross weight	: Percent	<u>Percent</u>	Percent	Percent
1931 1932 1933 1934	1466 1449 744	4,933 4,658 3,228 3,556 3,291 3,495 3,708 5,017 3,007 3,052	3,582 5,451 3,904 3,374 3,139 3,162 4,708 6,765 4,555 4,626	4,891 6,581 5,584 5,694 2,722 3,523 3,223 5,927 3,649 3,372	17,097 13,003 13,047 9,636 10,638 12,399 18,946 11,943	546	35 27 25 27 34 33 30 27 25 26	26 32 30 26 33 30 38 36 38 39	35 39 43 44 28 33 26 31 31
1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949	868 691 706 580 579 576 758 1,185 1,532 2,087	3,540 2,417 3,256 3,138 3,432 2,716 2,539 2,716 3,536 2,512	4,104 4,241 5,088 4,488 4,924 3,635 3,401 4,180 6,266 4,664	4,036 3,370 3,746 3,280 2,079 1,931 3,767 3,527 6,650	12,566 10,744 12,817 11,427 12,230 9,015 8,640 11,860 14,877 16,128	6 6 5 7 7 10 10	28 23 25 28 20 30 30 23 24 16	33 40 40 39 40 40 35 42	32 31 29 28 27 23 22 32 24 41
1950 1951 1952	1,639 2,841 3,096	1,667 3,299 2,898	3,511 4,460 5,060	3,188 4,536 4,072	10,012 15,144 15,136		17 22 19	35 29 33	32 30 27

^{1/} West includes California, Arizona, and New Mexico.

Calculated from data from Crop Reporting Board.

^{2/} Southeast includes Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, and Alabama.

^{3/} Delta includes Missouri, Arkansas, Terressee, Mississippi, and Louisiana.

^{4/} Southwest includes Texas and Oklahoma.

^{5/} Includes other States,

During 1952, a larger proportion of the U.S. crop was produced in the Western States of Arizona, California, and New Mexico than ever before. This also continued a trend which has prevailed for many years.

About 18 percent of the 1952 crop was harvested mechanically as compared with 15 percent of the 1951 crop. A larger proportion of the 1952 crop was harvested mechanically in about half of the cotton producing States. California, with 59 percent, showed the largest proportion harvested mechanically. However, the largest increase occurred in Arizona where the proportion increased from 26 percent of the 1951 crop to 46 percent of the 1952 crop. (See table 5). In 1952, the Western States produced 21 percent of the U.S. crop while in 1930 they produced only 4 percent.

While production in the West has been increasing, the proportion of the crop produced in the Southeast has been declining, particularly since 1941. The Delta and Southwestern States do not show a trend in either direction. Since both the yield and the acreage have been increasing in the West, the large crops of the past few years can be traced in part to developments in this area. However, generally higher yields over the entire cotton-producing area of the U.S. have also influenced the size of the crop.

Carryover Up

The carryover for August 1, 1953 is expected to be about 5.2 million bales, 2.4 million larger than a year earlier. The supply of cotton for the 1952-53 crop year is estimated at 17.9 million running bales including production, a beginning carryover of 2.8 million bales, and imports of 0.2 million. Disappearance is estimated at about 12 3/4 million bales, including domestic mill consumption and exports.

Ginning Charges Up

The average charge for ginning a 500 pound bale of cotton in the United States from the 1952 crop was 12.44 dollars, about 3 percent higher than for the 1951 crop. This was the highest charge since records began in 1928. The average charge in each state was also at a record high except in Missouri, New Mexico, Oklahoma, South Carolina, and Virginia, where ginning charges for the 1952 crop were smaller than for the 1951 crop (See table 7).

Mill Margins

The average mill margin for the amount of gray goods made from a pound of cotton (17 constructions) declined about 1/2 cent in April from March. Mill margins usually decline at this time of the year and the April figure was approximately 32 percent higher than a year earlier. Although the price of the cotton used in the 17 constructions declined slightly from March to April 1953, the price of the gray goods declined more. The value of the gray goods in April 1953 was only 0.1 percent higher than in April 1952, but the price of cotton was down 18 percent.

Planting Underway--Boll Weevil Survival High

Planting of the 1953 cotton crop is well underway in most of the Cotton Belt. However, heavy rains and frosts in the Delta States caused much replanting.

Some sections of the Cotton Belt reported a heavy survival rate of boll weevils. Just what this will mean in the way of damage to the crop will depend upon the weather as the season progresses. Wet, cool weather may mean heavy boll weevil damage, while normal or dry weather will facilitate the application of poison by the farmers as well as natural control.

Foreign Prices Steady

Spot prices of foreign cotton have shown minor fluctuation over the past 2 months. Foreign growths of comparable qualities are generally selling for about the same or lower prices than American upland.

Supply of Linters Up

The supply of linters for the 1952-53 season is estimated at about 2.5 million bales, including production, imports, and a starting carryover of 565 thousand bales. The supply is 400 thousand bales above 1951-52 and the largest for any season since records began in 1914-15. Linters production from the 1952 crop is estimated at about 1.7 million running bales, approximately the same as last season. Imports from August 1, 1952 through March 1953 amounted to 185 thousand bales of 480 pounds each and the total for the season is expected to be about 200 thousand. Last season 113 thousand bales were imported during the entire season, and 56 thousand of these were imported from August 1, 1951 through March 1952.

Total disappearance in the 1952-53 season is estimated at 1,350,000 bales, compared with 1,530,099 in 1951-52. Domestic consumption for the 1952-53 marketing year is estimated at about 1,250,000 bales, compared with 1,304,361 bales in 1951-52. From August 1952 through April 1953 about 1,000,000 bales were consumed compared with 1,031,000 bales in the same period a year earlier. Exports for the 1952-53 season are expected to total about 100,000 bales of 600 pounds each compared with 226,000 last season. From August 1, 1952 through March 1953, exports amounted to 72 thousand bales.

The supply and disappearance estimates shown above, indicate a carryover of linters on August 1, 1953 of about 1.1 million bales. This would be the largest carryover since records began on August 1, 1914.

Linters: Prices

The prices of higher grade linters were fairly steady from the last of January until the latter part of April. However, prices of these grades declined during the first past of May. The prices of chemical grade linters increased from the first of February through the first week in April and then declined some. These price movements are shown below:

Table 3. - Average U. S. prices of linters, specified grades

Date 1953	Grade 2	: Grade 6
Control Microbias, a definition or eleven. The respondence with problem control consists respondence.	: Cents per pound	Cents per pound
February 3	12.32	3.87
April 7	12.28	4.80
May 12	: : 11,91	4.52

The price of purified linters increased from 11.15 cents at the beginning of February to 12.50 cents in the first part of March. Even though the price of purified linters has increased recently, the prices for dissolving woodpulp have been the same since January 1951.

Rayon and Acetate Production Up

Rayon and asetate production in April amounted to 109.3 million pounds, compared with 102.8 million in March and 87.4 million in February. In April 1952 production was 78.7 million pounds.

During April 1953, the rayon and acetate industry operated at 82 percent of capacity, compared with 76 percent in March and 63 percent a year earlier. Producers: stocks of rayon at the end of April amounted to 83.1 million pounds. This was 7 percent above March and 30 percent smaller than at the end of April 1952.

Starting on April 28, the prices of rayon and acetate staple fiber were reduced. The price for rayon staple fiber, 1 1/2 denier, declined from 37 to 34 cents a pound and for 5 denier acetate staple fiber the price declined from 39 to 34 cents. The average April prices of a usable pound of cotton (Memphis territory growths, landed Group B mill points) was 11 and 19 percent higher for Middling 15/16 inch and Strict Middling, 1 1/16 inches, respectively, than the prices of a usable pound of rayon and acetate staple fiber.

Table 1, - Cotton, yield per acre on harvested acreage,
U. S. and regions, 1930 to date

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	:	Vest	1/	Southe	ast 2/	Delt	a 3/	Southw	rest 4/	U.	S.
Year	: A	ctual	Trend	: :Actual:	Trend:	Actual	Trend:	Actual	Trend 5/	Actual	Trend
	:	Lb,	Lb.	Lb.	Lb.	Lbs	Lb.	Lb.	Lb.	Lb,	Lb.
1930 1931 1932 1933 1934 1935 1936 1937 1938 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952		409 381 372 497 4514 5538 5616 468 497 4616 4627 6627	391 402 442 461 480 57 518 518 518 518 518 555 555 578 555 578	221 233 176 240 236 245 250 288 229 243 280 206 281 285 359 310 286 351 209 335 283	209 211 218 231 235 243 246 251 257 269 276 275 286 286 292 292	154 2148 181 204 216 210 278 350 317 323 289 314 376 336 292 315 421 300 307 323 374	202 200 210 229 240 259 263 278 297 310 331 336 339 340 341 341 335 339	117 174 163 196 102 130 111 190 167 157 189 173 166 187 145 132 191 176 257 204 163 164	145 142 139 144 150 154 156 163 169 173 167 169 171 179 182 180 180	157 212 174 213 172 185 199 270 236 238 252 272 254 299 254 299 254 236 267 311 282 269 270 283	179 178 192 194 202 211 215 222 228 238 250 256 256 264 268 272 271

^{1/} West includes California, Arizona and New Mexico.

^{2/} Southeast includes Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, and Alabama.

^{3/} Delta includes Missouri, Arkansas, Tennessee, Mississippi, and Louisiana.

^{4/} Southwest includes Texas and Oklahoma.

^{5/} Trend yield is 9-year centered average yield.

Calculated from data from Crop Reporting Board.

Table 5 .- Upland cotton: Percentage harvested by hand and mechanically, by states and United States, 1949-50 to date

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			: Total	Per-	cent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	001	007	100	1.00	100	100	100	100	
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1952	hand		Snap-	Per-	cent	19	18	0	<u>-</u> 4	0	ŗ_	디	7.5	S	; 	H	٦	92	57	19	.7	N	-
	By 1		Picked	Per	cent	63	76	100	88	. 66	8	85	8,7	93	92	85	98	7	72	8	20	39	
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1/ Includes machine-picking and machine-stripping.

^{2/} Less than 0.5 percent.

Production and Marketing Administration.

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	Tenn.	<u>Do1</u> .	2.95	2,70 2,80 3,15	
	<u>ა</u>	Dol.	2.25	2.35 3.00	-
	0kla.	Dol.	2.65	2.65 2.90 2.85	,
	N.C.	Dol.	3.10	2.85 3.35 3.50	+
1	New Mex.	Dol.	2,50	8.50 50 50 50	
	Mo.	Dol.	3.75	3.00 3.10 3.85	
	Miss.	Dol.	3.25	2.75	
	La.	Do 1.	2,80	2.60 2.05 2.95	
	Ga.	Dol.	2.45	2,45 3.00 3.05	
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	calif.	Dol.	3.00	3.45	
	Ark.	Dol.	3.25	3.20	
	Ariz.	Dol.	3.00	3,10	
-	Ала,	Dol.	2.50	2,65	
		Dol	2.55	3.00	
	Crop year	• •	1948 2/: 1949 2/:	1950 <u>2</u> /: 1951 <u>2</u> /: 1952 <u>2</u> /:	1

1/ Data refer to wages paid from beginning of picking season through end of October. 2/ Includes rates paid for snapping bolls converted to seed cotton equivalent, Table 7. - Cotton, upland: Average charge per 500-pound bale, gross weight, for ginning, by States 1948-52

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1948 1948	:2/9.65	7,35	1/9.11	10,23	2/9:40	7.31	7.58	9,04	9.02	13,24 1	10,77	8.36 8.31	12.32	7.75	8.40	8.40 11.54 8.00 8.48 12.02 7.57	3.00
1950 1951 1952	:3/11,19	8.00 8.37 8.95	3/9.52 3/11.41 3/12.13	32,73 13,42 13,36	10,15 3/11,20 3/12,92	8.72 10.00	8.90 9.71 9.74	10.05	10.33 10.68 10.69	17.51 17.75 16.97	11,14	9.38 10.07 10,23	13.27 15.84 14.87	9,00	10.02	12.58 14.18 14.79	7,24 8,68 8,33
7/4		!									1			0.	1		

3/ Includes a separate 1/ Includes a separate charge per bale for drying seed cotton, averaging 75 cents per bale in California, 1 cent per bale in Arizona, and 5 cents per bale for the United States. 2/ Includes a separate charge per bale for drying seed cotton, averaging 82 cents per bale for California, and 6 cents per bale for the United States. 3/ Includes a separa

charge per bale for drying seed cotton.

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seginning: U.S.		Ala.:	Ariz.:	Ark.:	Ala.: Ariz.: Ark.:Calif.: Fla.	Fla.	 ස	H g	Miss.	Mo.:	N. Mex.	N.C.	N.C.: OKIE.: S.C.:		Tenn.: Tex.	Tex.:	. Va.
1	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Centa	Cents (Cents	Cents C	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents (Cents
1948	63	52	ો હો	55	25	:બાળા	40 50	54	52.5	55	67	ો બો	75	472	55	4 9	/ાંલા
1950 1951 1952	65 71	526	2/75	522	75 78 89	<u>બોબોબ</u> ો	49 53 56	57 57 63	56	555	75 75 83	777	75	54 45 38	55 50 62	75 76 79	<u>ો</u> ોોો
1/ Based on published tariffs of major units of tompress facilities. 2/ Data were insufficient for	on publ	Lished .	tariffs Data we	of maj	or units	18.	the public cotton w	cottor	n warehouse	ouse in	industry chiefly	chief	ly rep	represented by those	d by t		with

Compiled from reports of Cotton Branch. Production and Marketing Administration.

- 13--

by States	
torage,	
for s	
bale i	
per 52 1/	
harge 1948-57	-
Cotton: Average monthly charge per bale for storage, $1948-52 \text{ l/}$	
Average	
ton:	- 1
· Cot	
٠ 6	
Table	

Year : beginning: U.S.		Ala.:	Ariz.	Ark.:C	Ala.: Ariz.: Ark.:Calif.: Fla.	Fla.	Ga.	La,	Miss	Mo.	N. Mex.	N.C	okla. S.C.		Tenn.	Tex.	Va,
	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents Cents	Sents (Cents C	Cents	Cents Cents	Sents	Cents Cents		Cents
1948	34	35	તો તો	33 34	30	यां या	35	32	333	33 33	38	ો તો	04	38	333	36	<u>બ</u> ોબા
1950 1951 1952 3/	35	38 41 45	30 30 37	33 44 44	30 36	ઓઓઓ	04	33.	8 8 4 8 5 6	33 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 4	38 37 44	71 07 88	0 E E	132	# 3.6 #3.6	37 40 46	ો હો હો
1/ Based on published tarriffs of major units of compressed facilities. 2/ Data were insufficient nsurance in the storage charge.	on publication facilities in the s	ished tries. 2	arriffs / Data charge.	of ma	tarriffs of major units of 2/ Data were insufficient charge.	1 44	e public correporting	tt	on warek 3/ Appro	louse i	industr 1y 82	warehouse industry chiefly represented by Approximately 82 percent of storage firms	fly rel	y represent of storage	1	those with included	ith

Compiled from reports of the Cotton Branch, Production and Marketing Administration.

Teble 10.- Cotton: Average charge per bale for compressing, by type of compression, by States, $1948-52\frac{1}{2}$

0.5	2				- 14	_			1
95	Va.	Cents		વાવા	તો તો તો		વાળા	તો તો તો	
	Tex.	Cents Cents		122	131 132 140		123 128	132 134 142	
	S.C.:Tenn.:	Cents Cents Cents		100	100		125	125 125 140	
		Cents		95	100 104 119		105	100	
	Okla.	Cents	÷ :	100	125 125 130		121	125 125 135	
	N.C.	Cents Cents		વાવા	ઓઓઓ		વાવા	ઓઓઓ	
	N. Mex.	Cents		138	150 160 163	•	150 175	175 185 185	
	Mo.	Cents	SITY	100	100	'TY'	125	125 125 140	
	Miss.	Cents Cents	STANDARD DENSITY	100	101 102 102 116	HIGH DENSITY	125 126	126 128 141	
	La.	Cents	STAND	102	107	HIG	118	114 124 137	
	Ga.	Cents Cents		100	100 103 115		100	115 119 125	-
	Fla.	Cents		વોવા	ଭାରାରା		વાવા	વાવાવા	
	Ala. : Ariz.: Ark. :Calif.:	Cents		140	140 140 150		140	150 150 160	
	Ark.	Cents		100	100 100 115		125	125 125 140	
	Ariz.	Cents Cents		વોવા	2/ 140 160		તો તો	2/ 150 170	
	Ala.	Cents		100	106 116 120		100	113	
	•• •• ••	Cents		104	117		125	131 134 147	
	Year: beginning: U.S. August:		•	1948 1949	1950 1951 1952	••••••	1948	1950 1951 1952	

1/ Based on published tariffs of major units of the public cotton warehouse industry chiefly represented by those with compress facilities.
2/ Data insufficient for reporting charges.

Compiled from reports of the Cotton Branch, Production and Marketing Administration.

Table 11. - Cotton: Acreage and Production, by States and United States, 1951 and 1952

State	Acrea cultiva July	ation / l		ested :	Lin yield harves acr	per ted	Production	00 lb. wt.	Ginmings 1952 crop as
	: 1951 : 2/	1952	1951 : 2/	17.7	1951 :		1951	1952	enumerated by Census
	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	usand es		usand es	2/: Pour	er endere browner de mande ar meisteren	Tho bal	usand	Bales (500 lb. gross)
Missouri Virginia N. Carolina S. Carolina Georgia Florida	597 19 711 1,075 1,424 63	495 26 75 3 1,109 1,439 55	525 19 702 1,070 1,410	490 26 745 1,100 1,425 54	281 357 370 389 317 250	385 1:24 366 286 21:5 271	309 14 542 871 931 32	569	392,285 20,480 573,474 656,100 726,607 16,824
Tennessee Alabama Mississippi Arkansas Louisiana	805 1,469 2,463 2,211 949	841 1,556 2,399 1,910 899	765 1,460 2,340 2,045 935	835 1,550 2,375 1,895 690	334 299 329 292 391	366 275 385 345 408	534 909 1,608 1,249 760	890	635,415 905,591 1,904,018 1,369,911 759,979
Oklahoma Texas New Mexico Arizona California Other States 3/	1,561 :12,513 :326 :546 :1,331 :18	1,283 11,756 310 - 669 1,407	1,475 11,850 315 545 1,320	300 665	150 165 415 705 640 246	105 171 527 682 622 337	273 803 1,765		260,670 3,828,466 311,428 946,563 1,822,372 5,767
United States	: :28,085	26,922	26,854	25,664	270.2	282.7	15,144	15,136	15,135,950
Other States <u>3/</u> Illinois Kentucky Nevada	3.9 13.1 1.3	2.6 10.3 1.8	2.7 12.2 1.3	2,5 10,0 1,5	167 236 516	162 346 569	.9 6.0 1.4	.8 7.2 1.8	848 4,919
Amer. Egypt. 4/ Texas New Mexico Arizona California Total A. E.	25.0 15.0 24.0 4 64.4	37.0 22.0 53.0 1.2 113.2	24.0 14.4 24.0 .4 62.8	36.0 21.6 53.0 1.2 111.8	373 280 393 346 359	431 399 390 254 403	18.7 8.5 19.7 3	32.l4 18.1 43.8 .7 95.0	41,735 9,748 43,520 95,003

^{1/} Bales ginned, by States, rounded to thousands as reported by the Bureau of the Census with an allowance made for interstate movement of seed cotton for ginning. Cotton produced but not ginned is not included in production.

4/ Included in State and United States totals.

^{2/} Missouri, North Carolina, Arkansas, Texas, and United States revised.
3/ Sums of acreage and production for "other States" rounded to thousands for inclusion in United States totals. Estimates for these States, except Kansas where cotton production is insignificant, are shown separately.

Table 12. - Cotton: Reduction from full yield per acre from stated causes, specified States, 1951 and 1952 crops.

Chada	Defic mois	ient ture	Exces	sive ture	Oth clima		Plan dise		•	oll evil		ther
State	1951	1952	:1951	1952	1951	1952	:1951	: :1952 :	1951	: :1952 :	1951	: :1952 :
	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pot.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
Missouri Virginia North	7 2	12 4	16 1	0	11 2	3	1	1	1 16	18	3	1
Carolina, :	5	7	1	0	2	5	1	1	11	9	2	1
Carolina Georgia Florida Tennessee Alabama Mississippi Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas Corn Pelt	5 8 6 8 12 14 4 7 17 27 15.5	14 18 14 16 20 14 19 11 39 32 21.8	0 1 0 4 1 2 8 1 2 0 2.2	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2 2 4 6 4 7 5 13 96.6	12 7 5 3 6 2 5 3 12 7 5.9		1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	56 10 7 9 7 13 10 8 4	77926466645	1 1 2 1 2 3 2 4 4 4 2.7	1 1 1 1 1 1 2 3
•	Climat	ic fac	tora: P		seases	:	cking	huga	:	0±he	r ins	lecta
						· ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~		PNPD	<u>;</u> _			
:	1951	: 19	52 : 1 :	951 :	1952	1.95	51 :	1952	2 :	1951	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	1952
Texas (Trans:	Pct.	Pc.	<u>t</u> .	Pct.	Pct.	Po	t.	Pct.		Pct.		Pct.
Pecos Area): New Mexico Arizona California Area	17 10 12 7 9.	3	5	2 3 0 3 2.2	1 1 3 2,1		3 2 2 2,1	1 2 2 3	5	7 9 2 2	3	4 2 3 2 2.4

Percentages of five tenths or less shown as "0".

Crop Reporting Board, May 8, 1953.

Table 13. - United States: Percentage distribution of cotton sales made by farmers, by months, 1945 to date

beginn	ing:Aug.	Sept.:	Oct. :	Nov.:	Dec. :	Jan.:	Feb.;	Mar.:	Apr.:	May :	June:	July:	Season
	:Pct.												Pct.
1946 . 1947 . 1948 .	3.0 4.3 3.8 4.4 5.0	11.0 15.6 9.8	22.6	17.7 20.7 13.3	14.1 12.9 8.1	9.7 8.1 7.0	9.2 3.2 3.4	7.4	2.3 3.1 2.4	1.1 1.0 3.3	·3 ·4 ·1.3	.3	99.5 100.0 99.7 74.1 97.6
1951 . 1952 <u>1</u> ,	6.5 : 6.7 / 5.5	11.6	18.6	20.0	17.0	9.0	4.2	4.2	. 2.7	1.5	1.5		100.0

^{1/} Preliminary.

Table 14.- Cotton: Cumulative Sales by farmers: Percentage each month is of total sales, 1945 to date

			-									
Season:	Aug.	Sept.:	Oct. :	Nov.:	Dec. :	Jan. :	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.:	May	June :	July
	Per cent	Per cent					Per			Per		Per cent
1945: 1946: 1947: 1948: 1949:	4.4 3.8 4.4	15.3 19.4 14.2	37.9 37.9 45.8 30.3 36.5	61.3 55.6 66.5 43.6 55.2	73.5 69.7 79.4 51.7 68.2	83.4 79.4 87.5 58.7 76.9	88.8 88.6 90.7 62.4 80.9	96.0 94.8	96.7 98.3 97.9 68.6 86.2	98.3 99.4 98.9 71.9 89.3	99.2 99.7 99.3 73.2 92.4	99.5 100.0 99.7 74.1 97.6
1950: 1951: 1952 <u>1</u> /.:	6.7	18.3	44.0 36.9 39.6		73.9	95.1 82.9 72.3	97.li 87.1 77.7	99.3 91.3 82.6	99.6 94.0 84.7		99.9	-

^{1/} Preliminary

Table 15 - Cotton: Exports from the United States, by country of destination and staple length, February 1953 1/

		Feb	ruary 1953		
Country of	Pima	1-1/8	: linch:	** 1	
destination	and :	inches	: up to :	Under	Total
	Sea Island :	and over	:1-1/8 inch:	1 inch	
	Running	Punning	Running	Running	Running
	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales
EUROPE					
United Kingdom	. 0	197	23,181	9,734	33,112
Austria	. 0	722	3,475	744	4,941
Belgium and Luxembourg		0	3,472	813	4,285
Czechoslovakia		0	0	Ó	0
Denmark		0	2,095	0	2,095
Eire		0	, , ,	0	0
Finland	•	0	1	. 0	- 1
France		2,989	47,296	3,762	54,047
Germany (West)		5,178	15,997	429	21,604
Greece		0	0	Ó	0
Hungary		0	0	0	0
Italy		749	8,778	1,491	11,018
Metherlands		4,610	2,342	0	6,952
Norway		0	599	0	599
Poland and Danzig		Ö	Ó	0	Ő
Portugal		0	0	0	0
Spain		0	5,907	0	5,907
Sweden		0	2,400	175	2,575
Switzerland		600	1,000	600	2,200
Trieste		0	59	0	59
H.S.S.R		0	ó	0	Ó
Yugoslavia		. 876	9,846	3,972	14,694
Other Europe		0	0	0	9
Total Europe		15,921	126,448	21,720	164,089
		> 3 >	- ,,	, .	-17
OTHER COUNTRIES -					•
Canada	0	739	19,635	5,147	25,521
Mexico	. O	.0	0	0	0
Cuba	. 0	. 0	100	7	107
Colombia	0	0	2,866	97	2,963
India	: 0	4,568	198	. ,	4,766
China	. 0	0	0	0	0
Japan	: 0	118	14,371	20,877	35,366
Hong Kong	: 0	0	0	0	0
Korea	: 0	0	0	0	0
Palestine and Israel	. 0	0	0	0	0
Philippine Islands	. 0	0	0	0	0
Australia		0	0	0	0
Other countries	. 0	874	9,559	16,002	26,435
World total	. 0	22,220	173,177	63,850	259,247
		•	•		
			Street to Street Street Street Street Street Street		

^{1/} Preliminary.

Compiled from reports of the Rureau of the Census.

Table 16.- Cotton: Exports from the United States by country of destination and staple length, March 1953 1/

গাঁকিকাৰ কিবলৈ কিবলৈ কিবলৈ কিবলৈ কিবলৈ কিবলৈ কিবলৈ কিবলৈ কিবলৈ	Telephones Contribute (1880-1981) and	r siciolaria (1907) e e colletto au tilmination	March	danida kalenderiakan dan di dari dirakin kalendirak	
Country of	Pima	: 1	: linch :	overn nic programa (pojetimjerovni minomejstiko), d	Andrew accurate representative materials and a proposition of the second
destination	and	_ /	: up to :	Under	Total
	Sea Island		:1 1/8 inches:	1 inch	. 10001
PRODUCTION OF THE PRODUCT OF THE PROPERTY OF T	Running	Running	Running	Running	Running
•	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales
•	MALE TANKS THE WAY WE WANT	et and order transported or	plante Arches behaviore	e-devic contracts remainerance	Annal Ann Charles and Co.
EUROFE					
United Kingdom	0	79	17,314	14,065	31,458
Austria	0	2,493	8,707	676	11,876
Belgium and Luxembourg :	0	100	5,857	715	6,672
Czechoslovakia	0	0	0	. 0	0
Denmark	0	0	2,563	. 0	2,563
Eire:	0	0	300	150	1,50
Finland	0	0	0	0	0
France	0	4,105	51,207	2,774	58,086
Germany (West)	0	5,322	12,537	219	18,078
Greece	0	0	0	0	0
Hungary		0	0 .	0	0
Italy		500	8,837	771	10,108
Netherlands	0	5,013	841	68	5,922
Norway		0	1,211	500	1,711
Poland and Danzig:		0	0	0	0
Portugal		0	0	0	0
Spain	0	0	85	0	85
Sweden	0	200	1,991	0	2,191 350
Switzerland	0	0	350	0	71
Trieste	0	0	71 0	0	0
U.S.S.R.	·	0	0	0	Ö
Yugoslavia	- 0	0	0	. 0	0
Other Europe		17,812	111,871	19,938	149,621
Total nurope	•	17,012	T 10 6 T T T	17,700	14/90~1
OTHER COUNTRIES	• •				
Canada	0	1,589	25,724	5,627	32,940
Mexico	0	0	0	Ö	0
Cuba	0	0	100	43	143
Colombia	Ö	Ō	0	97	97
India	Ö	3,469	400	0	3,869
China	0	0	0	0	0
Japan	0	250	22,798	25,916	48,964
Hong Kong	0	0	0	0	0
Korea	. 0	0	0	0	0
Palestine and Israel	0	300	1,936	0	2,236
Philippine Islands	. 0	0	503	67	570
Australia		17	400	. 0	417
Other countries		561	2,862	4,187	7,610
World total	0	23,998	166,594	55,875	246,467
file files and the second control of the control of	DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF	National Control of the Control of t	Company or particularly described or described to the control of t	THE RESERVE THE PROPERTY OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 1	* ************************************

^{1/} Preliminary.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 17 - Cotton: Exports from the United States by country of destination and staple length, August-March 1952-53

erm particularium en un transcommentation en entre de metro en entre en entre en entre en entre en entre en entre en		The state of the s	gon; August-na		
0	en e	Ye	ar beginning A	ugust 1	
Country of .:	Pima.	: 1	: 1 inch	Under	0
destination :	and	:1/8 inches		ا معاد	: Total
The state of the s		: and over	the second secon	standing managements	e de la company
	Running	Running	Running	Running	Running
	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales
EUROPE					
United Kingdom	0	7 254	7/5 500	3.00 3.00	00/ 0/4
Austria	Ö	1,356 5,957	165,723	129,189	296,268
Belgium and Luxembourg:	ő	2,792	25,210 52,342	1,913	33,080
Czechoslovakia	0	0	729742 C	8,322	63,456
Denmark	0	Õ	21,013	Ö	
Eire	O	50	1,550	474	21,013
Finland	0	0	4,201	4/4	2,074 4,201
France seesesseeses	0	16,300	296,428	21,965	334,693
Germany (West)	. 0	33,820	132,904	2,244	168,968
Greece .,	C	0	0	2,544	100,700
Hungary	0	0	Ō	. 0	0
Italy	0	7,473	171,185	20,745	199,403
Netherlands	0	32,084	26,372	256	58,712
Norway	. O	0	8,324	1,000	9,324
Poland and Danzig:	0	0	0	0	0
Portugal	0	0	547	26	573
Spain	0	0	56,394	4,200	60,594
Sweden	C	419	24,912	364	25,695
Switzerland	0	1,600	21,048	1,655	24,303
Trieste	0	O	454	0	454
U.S.S.R. Yugoslavia	0	0	0	.0,	0
Other Eurpoe	0	4,649	40,700	10,186	55 , 5 35
Total Europe	O.	704 700	010.202	9 0	0
	O.	106,500	1,049,307	202,539	1,358,346
OTHER COUNTRIES					
Canada	0	7,906	146,478	50,994	205,378
Mexico	0	0	0	0	0
Cuba	0	0	5,900	2,485	8,385
Colombia	0	1,104	26,729	2,693	30,526
India	0	34,928	598	0	35,526
China	0	0	0	. 0	0
Japan	0	1,814	172,312	275,345	449,471
Hong Kong	C	0	0	0	0
Korea	0	0	0	24,274	24,274
Palestine and Israel	0	300	6,901	0	7,201
Philippine Islands	0	0	2,387	3,995	6,382
Australia	0	33.7	7,863	63	8,243
World total;	0.	5,915	49,497	54,952	110,364
	0	158,784	1,467,972	617,340	2,244,096
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Mexico	Torreon	: Middling : 15/16 inch	Cents	11.52 16.23 19.41	, & (25.30	30.58		29. 4 1 32.48	29,06	24.92	25.45	26.84	27.19	27.62	27.82		
Brazil_	Sao Paulo	Type 5	Cents	10,33	28,44	32,35	58.79	7,00	49.03 49.20	•	6 6	•				. •		
: Peru :	Lima	Tanguis: Type 5:	Cents	10.99 12.82 18.22	1887	6/30.41	/37		$\frac{31.77}{11/31.81}$	31.11	28	27.76	27.34	28.77	27.81	28.37	٠	
Argentina	Buenos Aires	Type B	Cents	12.81 13.98 20.43	37.53	45.00 41.03	54.55	707	ମିମ)) !		10/	\oldots	3]0		10/		
••	••	289 F. Punjab: S. G. Fine	Cents	আআআ : ই	7/28.52	30.08	30,06	60.60	35.20 11/35.32	31.93	26,33	24.57	24.57	26.50 26.03	26.95	26.77		
Pakistan	Karachi	b:289 F Sind:289 e:S. G. Fine: S.	Cents	<u>alalai</u> .	7/25,60	23.74	44,43		34.10	30.80	25.63	22.36	23.51		25,13	25.12		
		:4 F Punjab: S. G. Fine	Cents	<u>બોબોબો</u>	ù ol r	27.87	12.48 36.96	20.50	32.27 11/32.39	29.33	23.50	21.62	21.22	000 000 000 000	22,55	22.18		
India	Bombay	Jarilla Fine	Cents	8.31 3/9.90 1.6.43	21,47	23,43	•	7 1	9.61		17.	17.	17.		8	19.		,
+-	dría	Karnak : Good :	Cents	2/ 2/31.39	9.89	9/47.14	82.88	47.61/7.	63.87 11/47.87	39.56	35.49	35.17	34.85	35.41	35.85	35.69		
F.ovnt.	Alexandria	Ashmouni:	Centa	1/12.54 1/18.31 14/28.29	51.75	42.10 5/45.96	67		17.14 12/38.91	34.99	31.36	31.09	29.59	8, 8 8, 8	29.97	29,84		
Vegr	begin-	ning		1935-39 : 1940-44 : 1945 : 194	1947	1948	1950	1952	Aug. :	Oct. :	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	May 6-7:	13-14:	27-28:	

4/ Quotation for one 8/ Average for 8 months. 9/ Average for 11 months. 10/ No quotations. 11/ Average for 3 quotations. 12/ Average for 2 quotations. Price of Ashmouni, Fully Good Fair. 2/ Not readily available. 3/ Average for 3 years. month. 5/ Average for 10 months. 6/ Average for 7 months. 7/ Average for 9 months.

Foreign Agricultural Serrice.

Compiled from reports of the State Department and converted to cents per pound at current rates of exchange as reported Ceiling price for Jarilla fine in Bombay since Based on prices on one day in each week. by the Federal Reserve Board. September 1950, Table 19.- Linters: Prices, Grades 1-7, by seasons, 1929-51 and

*****	-			to date 1/			-
Year	•	Mainly	felting			nly chemic	
beginning	Grade	Grade	Grade	: Grade	Grade	Grade	Grade
Aug. 1	000000	2	3	: 4	5	6	7
	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Centa
1929 1930 1931 1932 1933 1934 1935 1936 1937 1938 1939	2/6.16 4.29 3.03 2.97 5.49 6.27 6.17 6.32 4.14 3.96 5.14	2/5.28 3.59 2.52 2.52 5.07 5.71 5.49 5.80 3.59 3.37 4.63	2/4.16 2.98 1.93 1.96 4.51 5.18 4.97 5.25 3.02 2.80 4.09	2/3.40 2.05 1.31 1.52 3.93 4.65 4.42 4.64 2.48 2.14 3.41	2/3.06 1.63 1.04 1.24 3.57 4.28 3.94 4.18 2.06 1.62 2.89	2/2.26 1.24 0.33 1.04 3.25 4.00 3.43 3.79 1.66 1.28 2.62	2/1.84 1.01 0.66 3.06 3.75 3.01 3.35 1.30 1.01 2.34
1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950	5.78 10.41 10.53 8.30 8.25 3.25 12.95 11.38 9.67 12.34 23.42 14.69	5.31 9.83 9.74 7.18 7.17 7.25 11.71 9.71 7.89 10.49 22.00 12.50	4.80 9.10 9.05 6.00 6.13 6.25 10.59 8.42 6.27 8.97 19.77	4.19 7.20 7.07 4.88 5.01 5.12 9.30 7.24 4.65 6.76 17.19 8.93	3.54 5.16 5.86 3.81 4.00 4.18 8.45 6.04 3.22 4.50 14.96 7.94	3.13 3.50 3.50 3.02 3.21 3.78 8.22 5.73 2.85 3.61 14.19 7.41	2.81 3.18 3.18 2.58 2.65 3.22 8.19 5.68 2.71 3.50 14.15 7.29
1951 Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. 1952 Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. 1953	14.72 14.50 14.27 14.63 14.75 15.05 14.01 13.98 14.01 14.03	13.49 12.91 12.41 12.16 12.48 12.95 12.18 12.03 12.21 12.25 12.29	11.73 11.37 10.68 10.18 10.40 10.59 10.52 10.30 10.71 10.56 10.37	10.39 9.70 9.14 8.70 8.75 8.84 8.37 7.39 7.13 7.25 7.11	9.44 8.61 8.35 7.92 7.73 7.75 6.68 5.25 4.99 5.06 4.87	3.94	8.71 8.00 7.87 7.34 7.00 7.00 5.85 4.04 3.65 3.69 3.57
Jan.	13.97 13.83 13.75 2/	12.27 12.31 12.26 12.23	10.34 10.51 10.43 10.25	7.19 7.20 7.00 7.03	4.87 5.05 5.33 5.23	3.87 3.89 4.67 4.70	3.50 4.61 4.76

l/Uncompressed in carload lots, f.o.b. cottonseed oil meals (mills at ports not included), and based on the official standard of the United States for American cotton linters. Prices for Grades 5,6, and 7 are based on 78 percent cellulose with a differential for each unit of cellulose up or down. 2/Average for 10 months. 3/Not available. Production and Marketing Administration.



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